

APRIL 2025

MARKET ACCESS

An open-ended investment company with variable share capital (“SICAV”)

R.C.S. LUXEMBOURG B 78 567

**SUPPLEMENTAL PROSPECTUS FOR INVESTORS
FROM THE UNITED KINGDOM**

This supplemental prospectus for investors from the United Kingdom (the “**Supplemental Prospectus**”) forms part of the prospectus dated December 2024 (the “**Prospectus**”) for Market Access (hereinafter the “**Company**”).

The Supplemental Prospectus is issued with respect to the offering of the shares of the Company (the “**Shares**”). Unless otherwise provided for in this Supplemental Prospectus, all capitalised terms shall have the same meaning herein as in the Prospectus.

This Supplemental Prospectus should be read in the context of, and in conjunction with, the Prospectus. The Supplemental Prospectus is authorised for distribution only when accompanied by the Prospectus.

Save as disclosed in this Supplemental Prospectus, there has been no significant change and no significant new matter has arisen since the publication of the Prospectus.

This Supplemental Prospectus is issued on behalf of the Board of Directors, who is responsible for its content, and by the Investment Manager, Market Access Asset Management Limited (formerly China Post Global (UK) Limited) (“**Market Access Asset Management**”). Market Access Asset Management is authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority (the “**FCA**”) and its registered address is 2nd Floor, 75 King William Street, London EC4N 7BE.

The attention of United Kingdom investors is drawn to the section of this Supplemental Prospectus entitled “**ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR UNITED KINGDOM INVESTORS**” as well as the following considerations:

The Company has been authorised by the Luxembourg Regulatory Authority (“**CSSF**”) as an Undertaking for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities (UCITS) pursuant to the UCITS Directive, as amended.

The registered office of the Company is 5, Allée Scheffer, L-2520 Luxembourg.

Nothing in this document should be construed as legal, investment or tax advice. UK investor should seek their own professional advice before making any investment decisions.

The Company is an overseas company and is not subject to the jurisdiction of the FCA or the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (“**FSMA**”) and as such investors in the United Kingdom will neither benefit from the rules and regulations under the FSMA and FCA rules for the protection of investors, including access to the FCA’s Complaints Scheme and Arbitration Scheme, nor benefit from the UK Financial Services Compensation Scheme and the Financial Ombudsman Service.

Access to CSSF alternative dispute resolution service

UK domiciled investors who are not satisfied with the resolution of their complaint by the Company have the right to refer the matter to the CSSF in its capacity as alternative dispute resolution entity. Complaints can be made in English, and there are no costs associated with submitting a complaint. If the complaint is unsuccessful, UK domiciled investors will not be liable for any costs. The CSSF’s decision in relation to a complaint is not binding on the UK domiciled investors or the Company. Further information can be found on the CSSF’s website at

<https://www.cssf.lu/en/customer-complaints/>. Complaints can be submitted to the CSSF through the online complaint form available on the CSSF's website, by e-mail to reclamation@cssf.lu or by post to:

Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier
Département Juridique CC
283, route d'Arlon
L-2991 Luxembourg

No access to Luxembourgish compensation scheme

A UK domiciled investor will not have a right to access a compensation scheme in Luxembourg in the event that the Company should become unable to meet its liabilities to investors.

This Supplemental Prospectus is distributed by Market Access Asset Management.

As at the date of this Supplemental Prospectus, the Sub-Funds of the Company are marketed to UK investors under the temporary marketing permission regime as set out in Part 6 of the Collective Investment Schemes (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019.

It is intended to apply for and obtain recognition for the Company under the Overseas Funds Regime as a collective investment scheme for the purposes of section 271A of FSMA. The FCA's product reference number ("PRN") for the Company is 522449 and the PRN for each Sub-Fund is set out in Schedule 1.

Facilities in the United Kingdom

Market Access Asset Management, has been appointed to act as facilities agent for the Company in the United Kingdom, pursuant to a facilities agent agreement (the "**Facilities Agent Agreement**").

In accordance with the Facilities Agent Agreement, facilities are maintained in the United Kingdom where any UK resident shareholder ("**Shareholder**") of the Company may inspect and obtain copies of the Company's articles of incorporation, any instrument amending the articles of incorporation, latest Prospectus, Key Investor Information Document and latest annual and half-yearly report, shareholder register and where any UK resident Shareholder of the Company may obtain information about the price of Shares and obtain information about how any payment due to them will be made. UK resident Shareholders may also make complaints about the operation of the Company at its registered address or by e-mail to marketaccess@marketaccess-am.com. All information and documentation for the handling of complaints is available free of charge and in English during usual business hours on a weekday (Saturday, Sunday and public holidays excepted at the above mentioned offices of the Facilities Agent).

These facilities are located in the United Kingdom at the offices of Market Access Asset Management, 2nd Floor, 75 King William Street, London EC4N 7BE.

Requests for information or documents may be addressed during usual business hours in the UK to the Tel +44 203 617 5260 or email: marketaccess@marketaccess-am.com.

Risk Factors

There are certain risk factors associated with the operation and investments of the Company that are described below and more fully in the Prospectus and the KIIDs.

Investment in the Company may not be suitable for all investors. Investors should seek advice from their investment advisor for information concerning the Company and the suitability of making an investment in the Company in the context of their individual circumstances. Particular attention should be drawn to the sections headed “Risk Considerations” in the Prospectus.

Dealing in the Sub-Funds

Applications to subscribe for, or redeem (and obtain payment in respect of), shares in the Sub-Funds may be placed in accordance with the Prospectus (please see Section 11 “Acquiring and Disposing of Shares”, including 11.2 “Subscriptions” and 11.3 “Redemptions”).

Subscriptions can be made provided that there is a validly and duly executed Subscription Form received by the Company, as well as documents from the investor that verifies their identity.

Initial investments in the Company must be of a minimum amount, the level of which depends on the Sub-Fund in which the investment is made. The minimum initial investment in relation to each Sub-Fund (or, if more than one Class has been issued in a Sub-Fund, for each Class) is set out in Appendix 1.

UK investors should note that the primary market (where Shares are bought or sold directly from or to the Sub-Funds) can be accessed by authorised participants only, as set out in the Prospectus (see Section 11.1).

On the secondary market, shares can be acquired or disposed of by any investor (who is not a Prohibited Person as defined in the Prospectus) through a broker or authorised participant on one or more stock exchanges as specified for each Sub-Fund in the Prospectus. The Company does not charge any subscription or redemption fees for transactions in Shares on the secondary market.

A Shareholder in the Company may submit redemption requests to the Facilities Agent to redeem his or her Shares in the Company and obtain payment of the price on redemption from the Transfer Agent, who shall forward the redemption proceeds (if any) to the relevant Shareholder.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR UNITED KINGDOM INVESTORS

Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FACTA)

The government of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg has entered into an intergovernmental agreement (“IGA”) with the USA to facilitate the transposition of FATCA. The Company will be obliged to comply with the provisions of FATCA and importantly the laws and regulations of Luxembourg which implement the IGA. For more information on FATCA, please refer to section 14.1.4 of the Prospectus of the Company.

United Kingdom Taxation

The following is a summary of various aspects of the United Kingdom (“UK”) taxation regime which may apply to UK resident or ordinarily resident persons acquiring Shares in the classes of the Sub-Fund, and where such persons are individuals, only to those domiciled in the UK. It is intended as a general summary only, based on current law and practice in force as of the date of this prospectus. Such law and practice may be subject to change, and the summary below is not exhaustive. Further, it will apply only to those UK Shareholders holding Shares as an investment rather than those which hold Shares as part of a financial trade; and does not cover UK Shareholders which are tax exempt or subject to special taxation regimes.

This summary is not intended to be a comprehensive description of the tax treatment of the Company or of any investment in it and should not be taken to constitute legal or tax advice. Any prospective investors should consult their own professional advisers on the implications of making an investment in, and holding or disposing of, Shares and the receipt of distributions (whether or not on redemption) with respect to such Shares under the law of the countries in which they are liable to taxation.

The Company

The affairs of the Company are intended to be conducted and managed in such a manner that it should not become resident in the UK for taxation purposes. Therefore, provided that the Company does not carry on a trade in the UK through a permanent establishment located there, does not hold or dispose of land situated in the UK, and is not party to arrangements which are subject to the UK’s diverted profits tax, then the Company will not be subject to UK corporation tax on income or chargeable gains arising to it, other than on certain UK source income. However, it cannot be guaranteed that the conditions necessary to prevent any such permanent establishment coming into being will at all times be satisfied, or that it will not dispose of any land situated in the UK or become party to an arrangement in respect of which the diverted profits tax applies.

Income received by the Company may be subject to withholding or similar taxes imposed by the country in which such returns arise. In the UK, the Company may be subject to UK tax on income derived from the UK. Income and gains received by the Company that has a United Kingdom source may be required to be paid subject to withholding of tax required to be deducted from a relevant payment under UK law (subject to relief from such withholding tax under a relevant double tax treaty between the UK and the jurisdiction in which the Company is resident for tax purposes).

Shareholders

Subject to their personal tax position, UK-resident Shareholders holding Shares at the end of each 'reporting period' (as defined for UK tax purposes) will potentially be subject to UK income tax or corporation tax on their share of a Sub-Fund's 'reported income' (and any dividends received to the extent that the reported amount exceeds dividends received by them). The terms 'reported income', 'reporting period' and their implications are discussed in more detail below. Both reported income and dividends will be treated as dividends received from a foreign corporation, subject to any re-characterisation as interest, as described below.

Individual Shareholders resident or ordinarily resident in the UK under certain circumstances may benefit from a non-refundable tax credit in respect of reported income or dividends received from corporate offshore funds invested largely in equities (i.e. where the offshore fund is not considered a bond fund for UK tax purposes).

Dividends reported or paid by offshore corporate funds made to companies resident in the UK are likely to fall within one of a number of exemptions from UK corporation tax (each corporate investor will need to consider its own position). In addition, dividends reported or paid to non-UK companies carrying on a trade in the UK through a permanent establishment in the UK should also fall within the exemption from UK corporation tax on dividends to the extent that the shares held by that company are used by, or held for, that permanent establishment.

The Investment Manager intends to operate each relevant Sub-Fund so that it does not invest more than 60% of its assets in interest-bearing (and economically similar) assets at any time. Consequently, their reported income (and any dividends paid) will constitute dividend income for UK income tax purposes in the hands of individual investors. UK corporation tax paying investors will not be required to re-characterise their holdings as loan relationships. If any Portfolio at any time has more than 60% by market value of its investments in debt securities, money placed at interest (other than cash awaiting investment), building society shares or in holdings in unit trusts or other offshore funds with, broadly, more than 60% of their investments similarly invested, each investor within the charge to UK corporation tax as regards its interest in a relevant Sub-Fund will be taxed on any increase (or relieved for any loss) in the value of its interest at the end of each accounting period and at the end of disposal of their interest as income as calculated on a fair value accounting basis.

UK Reporting Fund Rules

HM Treasury regulations introduced new provisions to modernise the offshore funds regime. These provisions replace the former "distributing fund regime" and are effective for periods of accounts commencing on or after 1 December 2009.

Where an investor resident or ordinarily resident in the UK holds an interest in an offshore fund that has been a 'reporting fund' for all periods of account for which they hold their interest, any gain accruing upon the sale or other disposal of the interest will be subject to tax as a capital gain rather than income. Relief will be available for any accumulated or reinvested profits which have already been subject to UK income tax or corporation tax on income (even where such profits are exempt from UK corporation tax).

It should be noted that a "disposal" for UK tax purposes would generally include a switching of interest between Sub-Funds.

In broad terms, a 'reporting fund' is a sub-fund of an offshore fund that is certified in advance by HM Revenue & Customs as a reporting fund and then meets certain annual reporting requirements to HM Revenue & Customs and its Shareholders. The following Sub-Funds have received certification as reporting funds with effect from their respective effective dates as stipulated in the table below, and the Directors intend to manage their affairs so that they continue to be certified as reporting funds:

	Sub-Fund Name	Effective Date
1.	Market Access Rogers International Commodity Index UCITS ETF – EUR Share Class	1 January 2010
2.	Market Access NYSE Arca Gold BUGS Index UCITS ETF – EUR Share Class	1 January 2010
3.	Market Access STOXX China A Minimum Variance Index UCITS ETF – EUR Share Class	7 June 2018

For the latest information and to check their effective date please see:
<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/offshore-funds-list-of-reporting-funds>.

Such annual duties will include calculating and reporting 100% of the income returns of the offshore fund for each reporting period (as defined for UK tax purposes) on a per-Share basis to all relevant Shareholders (as defined for these purposes). UK Shareholders which hold their interests at the end of the reporting period to which the reported income relates, will be subject to income tax or corporation tax on the higher of the full reported amount and any cash distribution paid. The reported income will be deemed to arise to UK Shareholders on the date the report is issued by the Directors provided that the Fund reports within 6 months of the year end.

Once reporting fund status is obtained from HM Revenue & Customs for the relevant Sub-Funds, it will remain in place permanently provided that the annual reporting requirements are satisfied.

Information regarding the Sub-Funds that may generate reportable income will be made available on the website of the Company: www.marketaccessetf.com. Investors should therefore check this website to confirm the reportable income per unit of the Sub-Funds each year, in order to include their reportable income (which will be reportable income per unit multiplied by the number of units held at the relevant year-end) on their tax return. Investors will not receive notification by post of the reportable income per unit unless they request the information in this format in writing. Requests should be made in writing to the address below within 2 months of the end of the relevant accounting period for which the notification by post is required.

Funds Team
 Market Access Asset Management Limited
 2nd Floor
 75 King William Street
 London
 EC4N 7BE

For periods until 5 April 2025, UK-resident individuals who are not domiciled in the UK may be liable to UK income and capital gains tax only on amounts remitted to the UK depending on their personal circumstances and whether they have paid the remittance

basis charge for the relevant year. For periods from 6 April 2025 onwards, UK-resident individuals with non-UK assets are subject to a new regime for foreign income and gains, which will bring non-UK assets and income into the charge to UK tax over time.

Anti-Avoidance Provisions

The UK tax rules contain a number of anti-avoidance codes that can apply to UK investors in offshore funds in particular circumstances. It is not anticipated that they will normally apply to investors. Any UK taxpaying investor who (together with connected persons) holds over 10% of the Company should take specific advice.

Other Provisions

Until 5 April 2025, UK inheritance tax may apply to Shares held on their death by an individual Shareholder domiciled or deemed to be domiciled in the UK for UK tax purposes and also to Shares which have been the subject of certain categories of lifetime transfer. With effect from 6 April 2025, UK inheritance tax will apply to Shares held on their death by individuals who have met certain UK residence conditions.

Since the Company is not incorporated in the UK and the register of Shareholders will be kept outside the UK, no liability to UK stamp duty reserve tax should arise by reason of the transfer, subscription for, or redemption of Shares. Liability to UK stamp duty will not arise provided that any instrument in writing, transferring Shares in the Company, or shares acquired by the Company, is executed and retained at all times outside the UK. However, the Company may be liable to transfer taxes in the UK on acquisitions and disposals of investments. In the UK, stamp duty reserve tax or stamp duty at a rate of 0.5% will be payable by the Company on the acquisition of shares in companies that are either incorporated in the UK or that maintain a share register there.

For more information regarding tax please see the section heading “**Taxes**” in the Prospectus.

Schedule 1

Details of Sub-Funds

Sub-Fund	PRN
Market Access Rogers International Commodity Index UCITS ETF	646170
Market Access NYSE Arca Gold BUGS Index UCITS ETF	646172
Market Access Stoxx® China A Minimum Variance Index UCITS ETF	807911